Table 1) Demographic (qualitative) characteristics of the subjects

Qualitative variables Number				
	Male	185(50.5)		
Gender	Female	180(49.2)		
A 3.3	City	199(54.4)		
Address	Village	166(45.5)		
Individual education	High school	64(17.5)		
	Diploma	120(32.8)		
	College education	177(48.4)		
	Theological education	4(1.1)		
Spouse education	High school	89(24.3)		
	Diploma	118(32.2)		
spouse education	College education	149(40.7)		
	Theological education	9(2.5)		
	Low	141(38.5)		
Income	Appropriate	191(52.2)		
	Good	33(9)		
Individual occupation	Employed	213(58.2)		
	Unemployed	124(34.2)		
Spouse occupation	Worker	47(12.8)		
	Employee	111(30.3)		
	Self employed	31(8.5)		
D 1	Unemployed	6(1.6)		
Relative	Yes	103(28.1)		
	Introducing to family and	264(72.1)		
	agreement			
True of mounions	Introducing to myself and	86(23.5)		
Type of marriage	agreement My consent and family			
		9(2.5)		
	opposition Forced marriage	6(1.6)		
	I don't use	66(18)		
	<1	103(28.1)		
Duration of Internet use	1-2	131(35.8)		
	>2	65(17.8)		
	No	287(78.4)		
	Diabetes	30(8.2)		
Disease	Blood pressure	18(4.9)		
	Mental illness	7(1.9)		
	I don't have children	39(10.7)		
Sick child	Yes	10(2.7)		
	No	316(10.7)		
The fate of warrantal	Sincere	307(83.9)		
The fate of parents'	By dispute	52(14.2)		
marriage	Leading to divorce	6(1.6)		
Unwanted pregnancy	Yes	51(3.9)		

Table 2) Demographics characteristics (quantitative) of the subjects

Quantitative variable	Means ± Standard deviation		
Individual age	38.8±84.04		
Age of spouse	33.7±99.97		
Number of daughter children	0.0±81.78		
Duration of marriage	11.7±23.53		
Age distance with the spouse	4.3±87.42		
Marital life satisfaction	64.13±77.18		
Social support	64.11±56.44		
Addiction to Internet	29.12±35.90		

Table 3) Correlation coefficients among the variables of marital satisfaction, social support and internet addiction

variable	1	3	3
1. Marital life satisfaction	1		
2. Social support	0.383**	1	
3. Internet addiction	-0.144**	-0.119*	1

^{*} Significance level <0.05; Significance level <0.01

Table 4) Results of linear regression analysis in predicting marital life satisfaction

Predictor variables of marital life satisfaction	Correlation	Explanation coefficient	Modified explanation coefficient	
Social support				
Spouse education				
Individual occupation				
Internet addiction	0.485	0.235	0.220	
Income				
Age of Spouse				
The fate of parents' marriage				

Table 5) Regression coefficients of predicting marital life satisfaction (explanation coefficient (R2) for all cases is equal to 0.235)

Source of changes	Non-standard Standard coefficients			T-value	Significance level
_	В	Std. Error	β	_	ievei
Constant	47.052	5.958	-	7.897	< 0.001
Social support	0.407	0.056	0.353	7.270	< 0.001
Spouse education	1.778	0.751	0.125	2.368	0.018
Individual occupation	-1.474	0.462	-0.156	-3.191	0.002
Internet addiction	-0.157	0.050	-0.154	-3.166	0.002
Income	-0.227	0.085	-0.135	-2.682	0.008
Age of spouse	2.125	0.906	0.119	2.346	0.020
The fate of parents' marriage	-2.557	2.261	-0.096	-2.028	0.043