

Table 1) Frequency of background variables in studied groups

	Variable	Frequency	Percent
Gender	Male	79	35.4
	Female	142	63.7
Education level	No response	2	0.9
	Diploma	7	3.1
	Associate	30	13.5
	B.Sc.	150	67.3
	M.Sc.	9	4
	Ph.D.	21	9.4
Internet Access	No response	6	2.7
	Yes	171	76.7
		24	10.8
	No	28	12.5

Table 2) Distribution of absolute and relative frequency of classification of score relating to attitude and function among the studied groups in terms of demographic variables

Background variables		Gender		Sig	Education Level			Sig
Attitude	Weak	Male No (%)	Female No (%)	0.458	Below B.A No (%)	B.A No (%)	Abov B.A No (%)	0.129*
	Medium	1(1.3)	2(1.4)		--	3(2)	--	
Good	40(50.6)	84(59.2)	21(56.8)		90(60)	11(36.7)		
Function	Weak	38(48.1)	56(39.4)	0.298*	16(43.2)	57(38)	19(63.3)	0.514*
	Medium	45(57.7)	87(64.4)		23(65.7)	91(63.2)	16(53.3)	
	Good	33(42.3)	46(34.1)		11(31.4)	52(36.1)	14(46.7)	
		--	2(1.5)		1(2.9)	1(0.7)	--	

*The results are related to Fisher Exact Test

Table 3) Determination and comparison absolute and relative frequency of classification of score relating to attitude and function among the studied groups in terms of media type

Variable	Media type	Score range	Mean	SD	Weak		Medium		Good		Sig
					No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
Attitude	Digital	10-50	37.47	5.7							0.001
	Audioviasual	6-30	24.98	3.4	18	8.1	146	65.4	59	26.5	
	Printed	7-35	28.7	4.5	6	2.7	109	48.9	108	48.4	
Function	Digital	10-50	24.01	8.2	152	71.4	58	27.2	3	1.4	0.001
	Audioviasual	5-25	14.17	4.2	84	39.1	117	54.4	6.5	14	
	Printed	7-35	21.41	4.9	113	52.6	84	39.1	18	8.3	